

MINISTRY OF HEALTH PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY OPERATION CENTER (PHEOC)

EVD PREPAREDENSS BRIEF AS ON 17 SEPT 2018

PRESENTED
BY Maj Halifa NDAYISABYE

PHEOC MEMBERS

S/ N	NAMES	INSTITUTION
1	Dr Zuberi MUVUNYI	MOH /DG
2	Dr Jose NYAMUSORE	RBC
3	Lt Col Louis NZEYIMANA	МОН
4	Maj Halifa NDAYISABYE	RDF/RMH
5	Donatien BAJYANAMA	МОН
6	Theobald HABIYAREMYE	МОН
7	Diogene RURANGWA	МОН
8	Adeline KABEJA	RBC
9	Helene BARISANGA	RBC
10	Frederic TEGERA	МОН

S/N	NAMES	INSTITUTION
11	Michelle KAYIGANWA	МОН
12	Malick KAYUMBA	PIO MOH/RBC
13	CDC Representative	CDC
14	WHO Representative	WHO
15	WFP Representative	WFP
16	USAID Representative	USAID
17	Didier NIYORUREMA	MIDIMAR
18	Representative	Belgium Embassy
19		
20		

SCOPE

1. Introduction on PHEOC

2. Domestic update

3. Current situation on Ebola in DRC

4. Task status

5. Observations and recommendations

6. Leadership guidance

INTRODUCTION

EOC

- A central location for designated personnel to perform emergency management functions
- Coordination of information and resources for efficient and effective response to emergencies

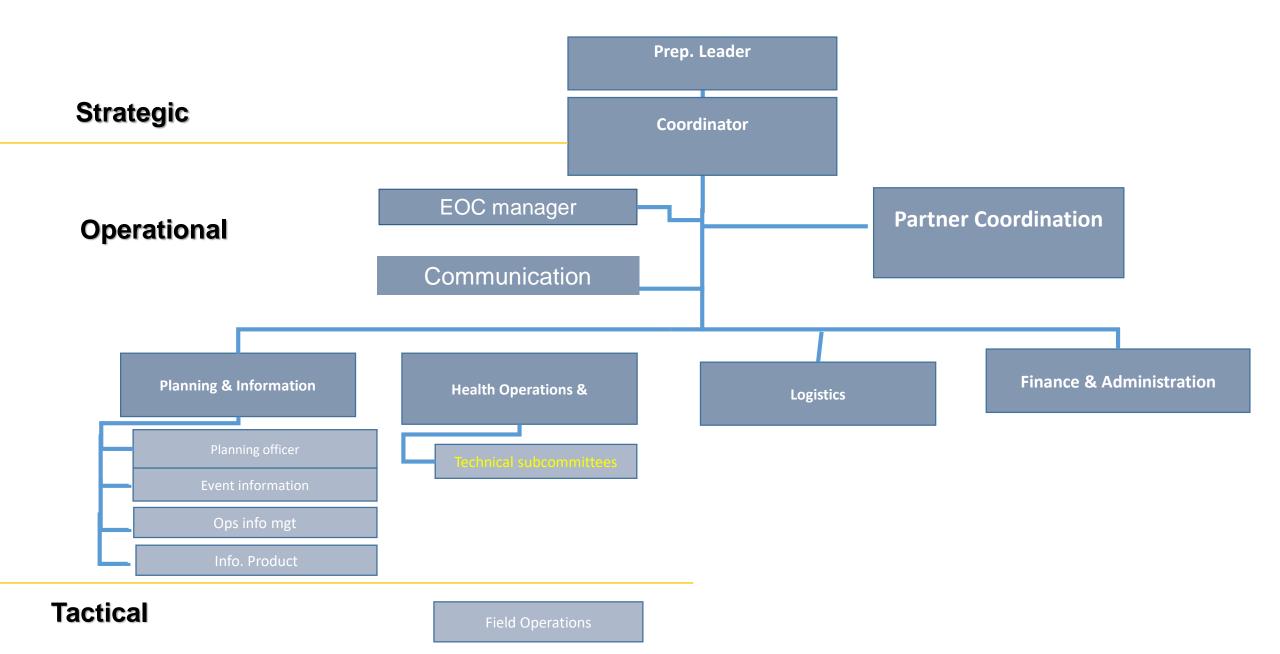
PHEOC

- A PHEOC is an emergency operations center (EOC) that specializes in the command, control, and coordination requirements of responding to emergencies that involve health consequences and public health threats.
- A part of a comprehensive programme of PH emergency management (risk analysis, preparedness, response and recovery.

OBJECTIVES OF PHEOC

- Timely, event-specific <u>operational decision-making</u> using the best available information, policy, technical advice and plans
- Communication and coordination with response partners
- Collection, collation, analysis and presentation of event <u>data and</u> <u>information</u> to support response planning and documentation
- Acquisition and <u>deployment of response resources</u>, including surge apacity and services and material support to the EOC itself and to all response personnel
- Monitoring financial commitments and providing <u>administrative</u> <u>services</u> for the EOC

COORDINATION STRUCTURE / ORGANIZATION FOR EVD PREPAREDNESS



INTRODUCTION ON PHEOC

PHEOC refers to:

A physical location which designated public health emergency management personnel assemble to

- 1. Coordinate operations
- 2. Information management
- 3. Resources management





DOMESTIC UPDATE

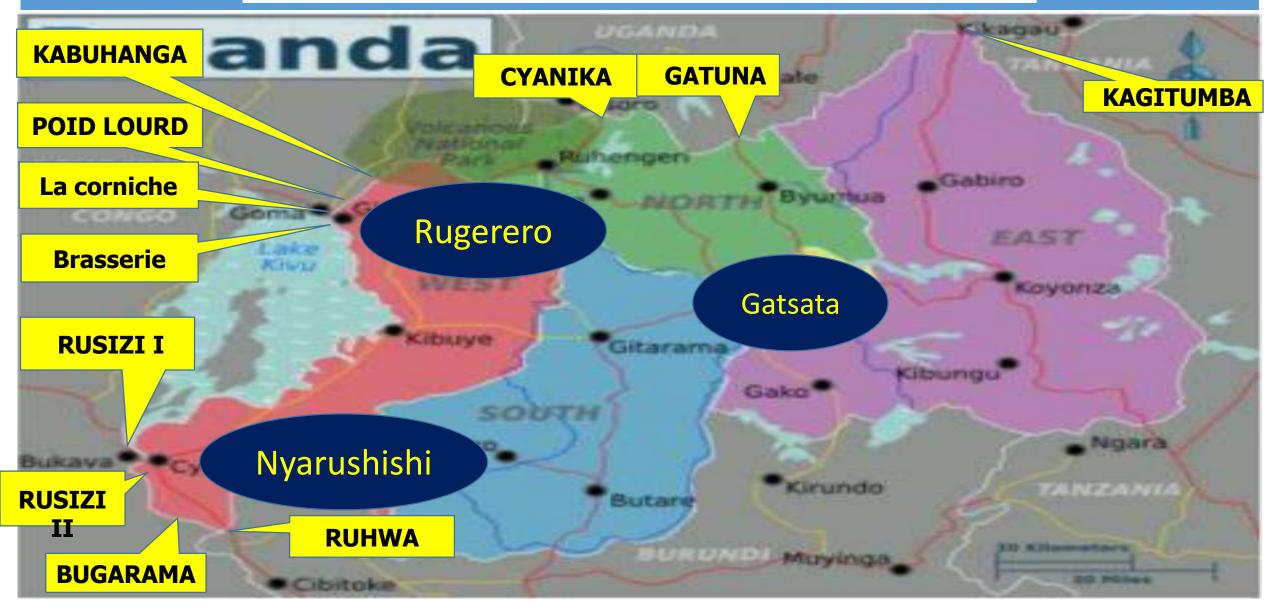
MoH is strengthening surveillance capacities in 15 international POEs and screening have been identified and implemented in the following neighbouring countries DRC, Burundi and Uganda In addition we have conducted the following training:

- 1. Case identification
- 2. Case management
- 3. Infection prevention and control
- 4. Setting up and equipping three ETC's
- 5. Training Rapid response teams (RRT)

- 6. Training of health workers on EVD
- 7. Training on contact tracing
- 8. Provision of infection prevention and control (IPC) supplies
- 9. Provide support to the districts identified as high risk
- 10. Technical experts were deployed by CDC and WHO to
- support the MOH in its effort of strengthening preparedness

for EVD response.

LOCATION OF PoEs AND ETCs









Districts	PoEs	Total estimated number per day two ways	Incidents reported Fever from 2 Aug – 16 Sept 18
Rubavu	➤ La corniche➤ Poids lourd➤ Kabuhanga➤ Brasserie	12,000 56,000-58,000 700-1,000 70-80+	28 (All PoEs)
Rutsiro	Nkora	63 per week	
Karongi	Karongi	58-72 per week	
Nyamasheke	Nyamasheke	300 per week	
Rusizi	>Rusizi I >Rusizi II >Bugarama >Ruhwa	9,000- 11,000 5,000-6,500 3000-4000 500-600	

17 Sept 18 RESTRICTED 12

POES SCREENING DATA

Districts	PoEs	Total estimated number per day two ways	Incidents reported (Fever or death) as of 12 Sept 2018
Burera	Cyanika	3,500-4,000	
Gicumbi	Gatuna	5,500-6,000	
Nyagatare	Kagitumba	600-700	
KIA	Kigali International Airport	-	

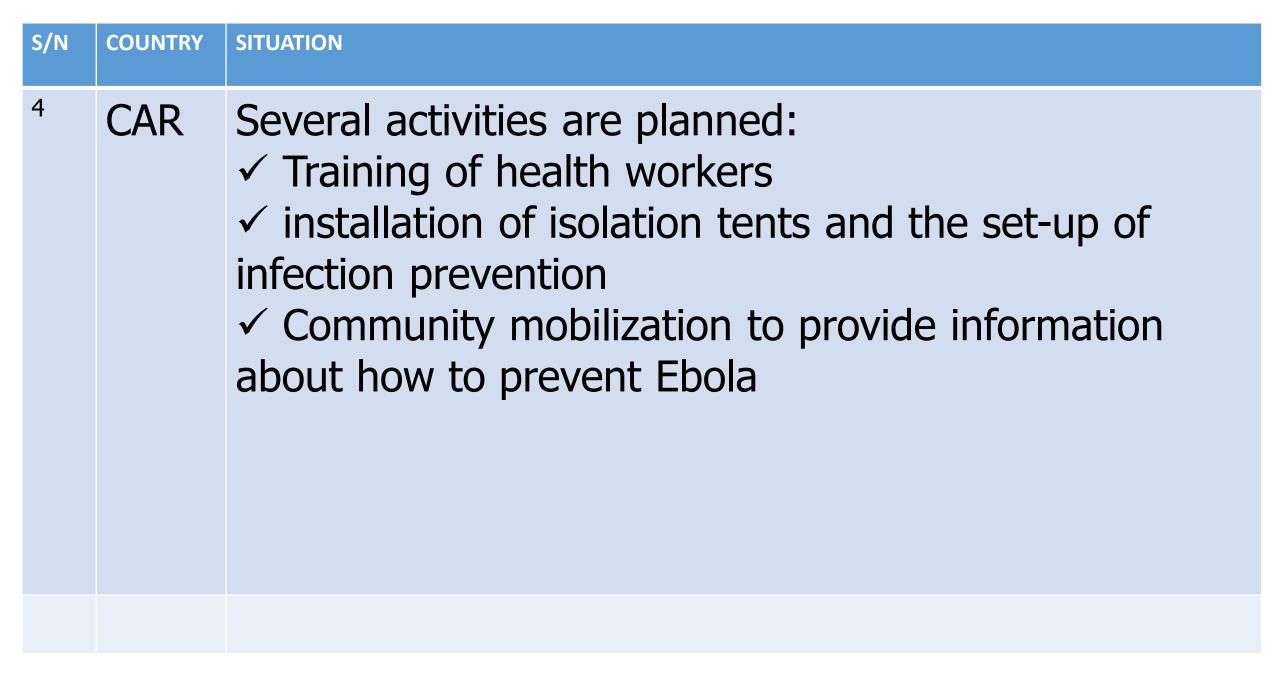
SITREP-RDC AS ON 16 SEPT2018

	North K	ivu							Ituri	Total	
Description		Butembo	Goma	Kalunguta	Oicha	Mabalako	Masereka	Musienene	Mandina		
Total cases											
Total suspected cases	4	2	0	0	1	21	0	1	2	31	
Total confirmed cases	25	5	0	1	2	68	1	0	9	111	
Total cases	29	7	0	1	3	89	1	1	11	142	
Suspected cases under investigation											
Daily new cases suspected	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	
Old cases suspected	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total investigated cases suspected		1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	
Deaths											
New cases of the day	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
Total deaths	23	3	0	0	1	65	1	1	3	97	
Including total deaths from confirmed											
cases	19	1	0	0	0	44	1	0	1	66	
Discharged											
Newly discharged	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Total discharged		1	0	1	2	27	0	0	3	38	

17 Sept 2018 RESTRICTED 15

CURRENT SITUATION ON EBOLA DRC NEIGHBOURING **COUNTRIES AS ON 12 Sept 2018**

S/N	COUNTR Y	SITUATION	
1	DRC	■Total cases: 142 - Confirmed: 111 - Probable cases: 31 ■ Death: 97 ■-Discharged: 38	
2	Uganda	Uganda has deployed response preparedness teams including community engagement, sample collection, surveillance, border-screening, case management and psycho-social suppexperts	port
3	Burundi	Burundi has established an EVD coordination committee and commissioned seven sub- committees for monitoring EVD activities based on the standardized WHO checklist	
17	Sept 18	RESTRICTED 11	5



RESTRICTED

16

TASK STATUS

Activities	comp	leted

- 1.Training on SOPs development
- 2.Identify critical information requirements
- 3. Develop an activation EOC SOP
- 4.Initiate the production of daily SITREP
- 5. Development of EOC charter
- 6.Development of SOPs on daily EOC operations in watch mode
- 7.Develop EVD SOP (From the detection of the disease up to the end)
- 8. Develop logistic SOP
- 9. Develop communication SOP
- 10. Establish EVD preparedness organigram
- 11. Develop finance and Admin SOP
- 12. Rwanda Essential Element of information
- 13. Critical information requirement

Ongoing activities

- Develop Incident Action
- Plan SOP
- Develop a liaison and coordination of partners SOP

WAY FORWARD

1.To conduct SIMEX

2.To distribute brochures on case definitions to all districts and all health facilities

3.To establish a fully functional PHEOC(Equipment &staffing)

4. Follow up of fever cases reported

- 5.To ensure the preparedness of ETCs in place
- 6.Data and information management

OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMANDATION

The Ministry of Health is making effort in scaling up the response to EVD outbreak, there is a need to continue with the current momentum to scale up and increase the coverage of effective outbreak control interventions

Recommendations

- 1. Request for approval of PHEOC charter
- 2.Intensify risk communication
- 3. Social mobilisation and community engagement
- 4.Effective coordination of all key stakeholders to enhancing preparedness against the spread of EVD outbreak



LEADERSHIP GUIDANCE

- 1. New tasking
- 2. Priorities of effort

END